

July -December, 2018

## **Pak-China Regional Cooperation and Geo StrategicAspects:**

By

<sup>1</sup>Khudai-e-Doust, <sup>2</sup>Mir Wais Kasi

### **Abstract:**

*This article articulates that Pakistan and China signed a border agreement with each other in 1963 since then both countries relationship has placed itself on considerable importance for regional and international actors, both Pakistan and China have explored many areas of collaborations including economic, military and geo strategic diplomatic arenas. This article also narrates the geo political dynamics of Pakistan-China relations and challenging role and response of certain regional and international actors towards this bilateral partnership. Further, this study examines not only various challenges for Pakistan-China relations, but it also highlights certain policy options and recommendations through which Pakistan and China can counter all those challenges.*

**Keywords:**Regional, China, Aspects, Cooperation, Pakistan, Strategic, etc.

### **Introduction:**

With the start of 21st century Asia has proved itself to be an emerging economic power. New trade trends are moving from the western world to the eastern world. This all is happening because of the peaceful rise of the China. China has also played an important role in bringing all the Asian Countries on a single forum to cooperate each other in trade and other fields. It has also strengthened its relations with the neighboring super power Russia. The nature of Pakistan's current relationship with both China and the US is very interesting. Not like Cold War and war in Afghanistan with Soviet Union, in which Pakistan USA was in coalition against the former Soviet Union. But today Pakistan enjoys a very good

---

<sup>1</sup>M.Phil. scholar, in Pakistan Study Centre, University of Balochistan, Quetta Pakistan

<sup>2</sup>Chairman, Department of International Relations, University of Balochistan, Quetta Pakistan

relationship with China, and at times troubled and defiant, alliance in the war on terror with the US. Even during the Cold War, Pakistan never compromised its strong relationship with China at any cost nor did it give up pursuing nuclear parity with India. Occasionally, there is a misconception between the two Nations in relation to their interest clashed in this war due to which both have been seen to work at cross purposes. But this is no reason to believe that the US and Pakistan cannot develop a greater understanding of their mutual interests in the region. China and USA need a strong relationship with Pakistan in relations to further their interest in the region. Parallel relationships with the US and China is Pakistan's biggest challenge and opportunity. As naturally it is said to abhor space, so does geopolitics discourage parallelism and uncertainty (Aneja, 2006).

**The Regional Geo-Political Dynamics:**

China has given a message to the aggressive world that a country can also make progress peacefully. With the US, China seems set to continue the policy of peaceful co-existence, mutual trade-based interdependencies and pre-emption of misunderstandings. Given the peaceful tendency of Chinese foreign policy, therefore, it is expected that China will not contribute to the destabilization of the evolving international system, and will instead focus on ensuring that any changes that may need to be made in the international system are in a positive direction and contribute to peace. With Russia, China appears to be continuing the policy of pragmatic cooperation. This shall further find reinforcement due to China's rising energy demands and Russia's role as a major supplier of energy. This mutual need-based cooperation shall in part serve to increase Sino-Russian cooperation. Sino-Russian cooperation will also focus on the creation of a level playing field in the region to reduce the pressures for establishing resident or non-resident hegemony in Central Asia. China's relationship with Iran will similarly be motivated by the former's energy scarcity and will be influenced by the tense US-Iran relations. With Central Asian Republics (CARs) too, China is carrying on and will continue to conduct a foreign policy based on helping the development of the CARs in exchange for their oil and gas reserves. With India, China appears to be engaging in a carefully orchestrated policy convergence and consensus not only on the shape of peace and stability but also on aimed at encouraging India to be a positive player for peace in the region that could persuade India to moderate its geopolitical ambitions. Pakistan should think through the implications of increased Sino-Indian trade and take advantage of its positive outcomes. Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) is a significant platform which has the potential to

help China and Pakistan achieve their strategic aims and also guarantee stability and peace in the region (Aneja, 2006,6,7).

### **Challenges and Opportunities:**

Pakistan and China being the neighboring states are inclined to develop and strengthen their relations with each other. These two states can be called as the good neighbors who can assist each other during the time of crisis. Both countries have had always a welcoming attitude towards each other in different situations due to which right from their independence till today in the 21st century, they are cooperative, supportive, encouraging, and friendly states among the other states of the world. This article is based on the fact that apart from the diplomatic, cultural relations, Pakistan and China are making great attempts and efforts for building viable economic relations with each other. (Mubeen Adnan and Bushra Fatima, 2, July December 2016, pp.609 – 624)

### **The US Factor:**

NATO War in Afghanistan has affected Pakistan very adversely and it has brought Pak Afghan relations on a very crucial stage Pakistan who had a very strong Muslim friend in its neighbor has now become a furious enemy of the same it all happened because of USA interference in the Afghanistan. And now the presence of USA in Afghanistan is also affecting the balance of power in Asia USA troops are not only working in Afghanistan but also they are interfering in the domestic affairs of Pakistan, this all is against the integrity of Pakistan and also it is stopping Pakistan to make relations with new friends' countries. Basically Afghanistan is Norco-State it supplies more than 90% narcotics to the world and average value is about 40 billion US Dollar annually these generated revenues are used by the militants to destabilize the region subversive agendas in the region. It is said that US and NATO permitted this to happen and they have no visible strategies, either short- term or long-term, to tackle this narcotic menace. Afghanistan due to increase in Narcotics is a sure recipe for a failed country which will continue to feed criminality and instability into the region. US thinks that its participation is very much necessary for the stability in the Asian region and development of the peaceful relations of China and Russia (Brzezinski 2012). This strategic mind-set is enough to put at rest any false hopes regarding American intentions to withdraw any time soon from Afghanistan or from the region at large. The continued presence of US military forces and bases in Afghanistan is a main reason for continued war and disorder in the region which will negatively impact all plans for peaceful economic development of the region. Such a situation poses the

biggest challenge to China Pakistan cooperation. However, there is no other viable option but to assiduously pursue this cooperation, predominantly in the nonmilitary aspects, as a counterweight to American military presence in the region to be able to create a strong basis for future peace in Afghanistan and the region (Shanglin, 2001).

**The Iranian Factor:**

The USA is opposing Iran in the Asian region just because Iran has refused to accept the interference of USA in its Domestic affairs and it has proved to be a sovereign state. Owing to a preponderance of Zionist influence in American economic and political spheres, the US considers any threat, projected or real, to Israel as a threat to itself. Therefore, any Iran and Pakistan relationship is viewed with high discomfort and fear on the Capitol Hill (Butt, 2015).

**The Afghan Factor:**

The Afghan factor after the event of 9/11 and United States of America's invasion of Afghanistan effected Pak Afghan relations adversely. CPEC project will open new doors of Pak Afghan relations and Afghanistan will feel ease to normalize its relation with Pakistan. Pak China are trying to develop a new economic block with the help of Russia in the region and these states intend to include Afghanistan in this project which will be helpful to decrease the stress of Pak Afghan relations. After the interference of USA in Afghanistan Indians saw a golden opportunity and they strengthen their position in Kabul. In this way they played a vital role in destroying the thousands years' relationship of people of the region (Butt, 2015).

Most of the people of Afghanistan are Muslim and about 70% of Afghans are Pashto Speaker. These Pashtun's have deep relations with the Pakhton people of Pakistan but the adverse relations of Pak Afghanistan created many problems for the people of the region (Siddique, 2014).

In Central Asia, China's involvement in this process of integrated regional development will act as a catalyst. This would dovetail ideally with China's own development as well. This will also allow Pakistan to gain access across the Wakhan Corridor, which separates Pakistan from Tajikistan, for reaching out to Central Asia and becoming a reliable partner in China's developmental strategy in the region. Pakistan should, therefore, expedite socio-economic bridging with Western China and build complementary bridges. The desire for participation in the booming economy next-door can be a strong motivation for Afghans to respond favorably to sincere friendly overtures of Pakistan. Islamabad may also help rebuild dilapidated higher educational infrastructure of Afghan and perhaps use the successful experience of Pakistan's HEC to rehabilitate

Afghanistan's higher education (Aneja, 2006).

**The Indian Factor:**

Since the birth of Pakistan India has been planning to destroy the peace of Pakistan for obtaining this goal India has made several efforts in different ways. They have fought many wars with Pakistan and has divided Pakistan into two parts in 1971 (Chaudhri, 1986).

It is a deep desire of India to separate Balochistan from Pakistan and get huge opportunities from Balochistan region. For this India is making lot efforts to disturb the law and order conditions of Balochistan. India has sent many secret agents especially recent event of Kalboshan have unveiled the face of India. After CPEC project Pakistan's military have made many efforts to establish the writ of Pakistan Government in Balochistan with the help of China. This all is going to be proving very fruitful and the terrorist are being eliminated from Balochistan region. Government is focusing of the educational developments in Balochistan and has setup many Universities in Last few years. This all is increasing awareness in the people of Balochistan and the educated class of Balochistan is supporting this project. This all has created an unbearable condition for India. India is trying to destabilize Pakistan but after this project China is now standing side by side with Pakistan which is an alarming state for India (Wolf, 2016).

In this regard, Pakistan can learn from modern Chinese strategic thought which holds that external causes become operative mainly through internal causes. Pakistan must seek internal stability by promoting an efficient system of good governance. Domestic peace and harmony should be the top priority. There is also a need to convey India a strong message telling her that hurting Pakistan would mean hurting themselves. This would entail Pakistan's highly pro-active participation in all the forums where India is active too and engaging India on all fronts. This also means close monitoring of Indian initiatives because India will pursue multiple options to weaken Pakistan and, more especially, undermine China-Pakistan relationship. Pakistan should, therefore, not hurry in giving India the Most Favored Nation (MFN) status at all. India stands to gain more than Pakistan in any bilateral trade partnership since the former is a much bigger country with the ability to completely paralyze domestic production in Pakistan through its export based economies of scale. Pakistan should adopt a cautious trade policy based on a selective list of products with carefully worked- out trade volumes in order to protect its domestic manufacturing base. It should be kept in mind that Pakistan has a huge

youth bulge which is adding about 2 million youth per annum to the job market. Only the industrial sector is capable of absorbing this growing labor force because the trade sector generates comparatively less jobs. A mindless granting of MFN status to India will also weaken Pakistan's negotiating strength on other outstanding issues and disputes with India. Pakistan should simultaneously establish strong regional trade and diplomatic relations with countries like Nepal, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, etc and other Southeast Asian nations in general in the same manner as India is doing with Pakistan's neighbors and Central Asian Republics. India shall invest in all opportunities to score against Pakistan. Its support for Russia's project to build a North-South Transport Corridor, the competitor of Gwadar project through Iran is an example of it (Haq & Farooq 2016).

#### **Regions of Mutual Interest:**

There are numerous projects which China has started in Pakistan, such as, substantial mechanical intricate, overwhelming electrical complex, tank modifying production line, flying machine revamping manufacturing plant, machine apparatuses, Gwadar port, Karakorum Highway and atomic control plants. Beside these, about 12,000 to 15,000 Chinese designers and specialists are working in Pakistan in connection of CEPEC. Keeping in mind the end goal to adequately channel this participation anyway, it is critical to truly synchronize these endeavors and create appropriate modern zones.

The monetary restoration of Pakistan, its security and soundness new pipelines, are likewise being created with Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan and India (TAPI), and there is obviously the pending Iran Pakistan pipeline too are directly related to mutual interest of both the countries

#### **Focal AsiaRegion:**

The relations of Focal Asian states with China, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iran and Russia are very normal. The interest of Russia here is imperviousness to the USA and its impact would be very characteristic. Be that as it may, at any rate for the present, the US is confronting no issues from Russia, particularly on account of Russia's expanded dependence on America for its own monetary prosperity. Due to its own impact for the last around 200 years Russia might not want to be "ousted" from the region. This is especially so as these nations still rely upon the Russian armed force for the insurance of their outskirts and oil lines.

Despite having ethnic, social and authentic relations with Afghanistan, and can't disregard advancements in this nation the Focal Asian states have not yet assumed any noteworthy part in the area or in worldwide governmental issues. They are as yet going through a

transitional stage since picking up freedom after the fall of the Soviet domain. Practically in every one of the states, rulers are from the Soviet time. Their political, societal, and monetary structures are still in the "early" stage, while they rely upon Russia on many fronts. For whatever length of time that inside shortcoming and unsteadiness exists there, wrongdoings, medications, and defilement would not be checked effectively. The shakiness and shortcoming in the administration structure, from one perspective, and presence of vitality and other regular assets in the area, on the other, have pulled in consideration of the whole world, especially of the US, towards it.

#### **The USA and the People's Republic of China:**

In the current conditions USA enjoys an edge over all others in political, financial and mechanical circles, and that it needs to keep up its matchless quality no matter what. In any case, while it confronts no immediate test from any single nation in the present worldwide political field, it gets a handle on that China remains among the nations that can challenge its matchless quality later on. However, its economic risks with China are expanding with the progression of time. Plainly, USA wouldn't like to be on a crash course with China; however, for the accomplishment of its plans in the district and additionally at the worldwide level, it positively needs to assault China in order to expand weight on it in case of some exceptional advancement. This has been a critical factor in the developing of relations between USA and India.

#### **The USA, India and Israel Connection:**

The administering authorities of the United States have presented an idea of 'pre-emptive strike' against "saw" adversary or risk. By this they to keep up their mastery and pulverize any test to it. Clearly, such posing has jeopardized world peace and security. The neocons have set out upon an arrangement to set up another supreme framework on the planet, which permits utilization of constrain for guaranteeing US control of the current and known characteristic assets and their transportation on the planet. To fulfill this task, the US has picked India and Israel as its vital accessories and the increasing of burden on Syria, Iran and Saudi Arabia after the control of Afghanistan and Iraq is in accordance with the US strategies.

Overall the plan is, Israel would undertake its part in the Middle East and the Gulf, while India would be assuming a similar part in South and Central Asia. A great part of the advance in relations between the US and India has been in this background. Their protection ties have particularly expanded. The indication of these developing relations, which in itself is a significant important progression, is that India and Israel, as

well, are extending their ties and increasing participation in protection and military issues. In spite of the fact that the developing friendship between the US, India and Israel ought not really be seen from the religious crystal, but rather it is hard to overlook that neocons are in control in the US, Hindu fundamentalists are managing in India, and Jew radicals are calling shots in Israel. This all has something uncanny about it.

**Test to International System:**

Despite the fact that the US activities have been seriously reprimanded yet feedback and challenges couldn't in any huge way modify the US arrangement or strategy. People in general everywhere throughout the world communicated its resistance to the US attack of Iraq and huge challenges were sorted out, however the US government went its direction. It completely overlooked the UN, however the global group could do nothing with the exception of recording its verbal challenge. The reasons that were given to legitimize military activity against Iraq ended up being false, however there is not a single trustworthy framework to be found where 'wielders of mass double dealing' could be conveyed to represent their misdeeds and deluding their own kin.

Taking sign from such examples, Israel left upon significantly more ruthless utilization of constrain against blameless Palestinians, disregarding every normal voice. A long way from checking the ascent in viciousness, the United Nations Security Council seems defenseless notwithstanding the US veto power. Subsequently the administration of wilderness we have made of this world. This circumstance has created uneasiness, dissatisfaction and outrage among the general population of the influenced zones, which, thusly, have offered ascend to radical patterns and episodes. In any case, Security Council by not endorsing US assault and demanding for UN commanded design has revived trusts in survival of the establishment. In addition, the following emergency in Iraq has at the end of the day highlighted the certainty of universal foundations

**China's Comprehensive Development Policy:**

China is a quick rising worldwide power. However, in sharp appear differently in relation to different forces, it has exhibited no hegemonic plans. With a solid responsibility regarding far reaching and all-round advancement, China has enlisted quick and supported financial development. The principal objective of China is to manage the development and the development rate. It is evident that peace and strength in the area is essential for this end. Focal Asian states and Afghanistan are China's neighbors. In this way, it wishes for soundness and peace in these ranges. It is additionally intrigued by getting to the vitality assets which are lying here through pipelines. At that point, China



is connected with Central Asia, Afghanistan and Pakistan by the normal exchange course. Renewal of this course in the wake of peace and strength in the area would be to a great degree valuable for every one of these nations.

China is confronted with separatist development in its outskirts zones, especially in Xinjiang. Its legitimate reservations that underground components are blowing this separatist development. In this circumstance, China has upheld the war against psychological warfare, and needs it to prevail in its announced destinations; however, there is confirmation of USA support to the separatist slant in Xinjiang. Along these lines, the USA nearness and impact in the district specifically and in Central Asia when all is said and done can make issues for China.

**Pak-China Institutional Collaboration:**

Proceeded with key discourse on security and protection issues at both legislative and institutional levels China and Pakistan would significantly add to keep peace in the locale. For this reason, board of specialists ought to be framed. An improved level of collaboration between the two nations, which have verifiably delighted in praiseworthy relations, would likewise advance joint technique for territorial peace. Correspondingly, joint military activities on normal premise and coordinated effort in R&D alongside the kept sharing military know-how and innovation would empower the two to confront developing difficulties and avert dangers together and hence guarantee peace in the locale.

**Financial and Trade Cooperation:**

The pattern of nearer provincial ties, especially nearer participation in monetary and exchange fields, is quick developing. The countries existing in different parts of the world are upgrading their connection with other neighbors in a route which they encounter as well as where advantages of monetary advancement can likewise be moved and result in general territorial improvement. European Union is a critical case in such manner. Correspondingly, the expanding collaboration between South East Asian nations from the discussion of (ASEAN) is acquiring security and success that district.

**Requirement for Regional Cooperation:**

In spite of their profound and solid two-sided relations, Pakistan and China, be that as it may, don't join at any local discussion. In addition, the gatherings that exist for local collaboration are not powerful for specific reasons. Pakistan-India pressure proceeding for a considerable length of time has made SAARC inadequate. So also, battling and proceeded with unsteadiness in Afghanistan for more than two decades is a deterrent in the method for a compelling part of ECO, disregarding its

development. Because of resistance at the local level, the general population of the considerable number of nations of the district all in all is confronting hardship and destitution. As indicated by gauges, more than 650 million individuals in the district are living beneath the neediness line. Despite the fact that China has been effective in conveying neediness to 10 for every penny, the circumstance is exceptionally disturbing in neighboring nations.

More than 33% people in Pakistan and India are living beneath the destitution line. Every one of these nations is viewed as poor by per capita salary measuring stick also. Also, the general population of this area is carrying on with a troublesome existence as for the accessibility of social administrations. While there is a large group of inner reasons inside every nation, one of the fundamental and regular purposes behind this horrid financial circumstance is the economies of these nations are gotten in the obligation trap. Consistently a major piece of national assets goes into overhauling of obligation and intrigue. Adding to this, these nations dependably feel unfit to oppose nonsensical conditionality's of loan bosses and worldwide organizations, which brings about further expanding the hardship of their kin. This circumstance can be significantly enhanced by meeting up of the nations of the district in developing basic systems and guaranteeing upgraded financial collaboration.

**Assets and Potentials:**

This can be evaluated from the accompanying actualities:

- Central Asia is having lot of reserves of oil and flammable gas holds. As indicated by gauges, 200 billion barrels of unrefined petroleum, i.e. one fourth of the world's aggregate, are available in nations lying on the shorelines of Caspian Sea. So also, flammable gas is likewise present in tremendous amounts in these nations. There are likewise enormous oil and gas saves in adjacent Iran.
- Countries of the district are additionally rich in minerals like gold, copper and expensive gemstones. Around 171 minerals have so far been found just in China, which represent around 12 for each penny of the world's aggregate.
- All the nations of this district have ripe rural land. Additionally, Pakistan and India have extraordinary compared to other water system frameworks. The area is equipped for achieving independence in palatable items as well as gain remote trade by sending out them.

Not just the wealth of these common assets gives an exhaustive chance to nearer financial and exchange collaboration between the nations of the locale yet the hardship of their kin builds the requirement for deliberate participation at territorial level. The current circumstance of financial

participation between the nations of the area is not empowering. Specifically, the volume of exchange amongst Pakistan and China, the two nations that are viewed as solid partners and companion at the worldwide level on vital and remote strategy matters, is ostensible. As per the most recent insights, Pak-China exchange has just as of late come to \$1.8 billion every year, while China's global exchange has surpassed \$620 billion.

**The Globalization Viewpoint:**

The disappointment of the as of late held fifth clerical gathering of the World Trade Organization (WTO) in the Mexican city of Cancun has put the eventual fate of multilateral exchange at hazard. The dread is that the countries that command world exchange, similar to the United States and the European Union, may return from multilateralism to two sidedness and afterward, to secure their own particular advantages then regionalism in an offer. The changing circumstance requests from China, Pakistan, Central Asian states and other neighboring nations to take measures for expansion of monetary and exchange participation with the goal that their reliance on the external world is reduced and the denied individuals could profit by success.

**Proposals:**

The accompanying recommendations are made in such manner:

- In late years, China has gained fortunate ground in monetary and money related territories and, consequently, appreciates awesome significance in global economy. The Chinese items and innovation have influenced the world markets; different nations of the area are as yet reliant on Western nations in the fields of innovation. By exchanging innovation to these nations, China can procure outside trade as well as can give a lift to financial improvement in these nations, which thus goes to profit the whole locale.
- Many Chinese organizations are contributing all through the world. Chinese financial specialists ought to put resources into their neighboring nations where low level of monetary improvement likewise owes to little outside direct venture (FDI). These nations, as well, should attempt to make their laws more alluring for Chinese speculation.
- It is essential for the advancement of territorial collaboration in exchange that every one of the nation's offer significance to advertising each other's items, in order to present them. Shows and fairs ought to be composed at territorial level for this reason, and interest of dealers and industrialists ought to be guaranteed.
- There is a critical need to enhance the current land and air travel offices between China, Pakistan, Central Asia and different nations of the locale. The need is to completely utilize the Silk Route (Karakorum

Highway), which stays shut for half of the year. Every single accessible mean and assets ought to be misused to devise an arrangement to keep this course open for the greatest time of the year.

- Without the arrangement of managing account offices, it is difficult to consider development in monetary and exchange participation in this day and age. However, keeping money joins are not very many between the nations of the district. Notwithstanding opening the branches of national banks, China, Pakistan and different nations ought to likewise contemplate the foundation of a typical bank or money related establishment.

- The usage from October 2003 of a concurrence on travel movement between China, Pakistan, Kyrgyzstan, and Kazakhstan is a promise of something better. It is, be that as it may, germane to take note of that this understanding had been marked in 1995, however couldn't be actualized for a long time for frivolous issues like course allow and travel charges, and so on. Such moderate pace blocks territorial collaboration and must be controlled in future.

- To misuse the vitality assets in the Central Asia, especially in Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan, created nations are not just fortifying the system of their multinational organizations for investigation of these assets. They are likewise attempting to make such courses for simple access to these assets. China's stewardship in such manner is the need of great importance. Chinese financial specialists have an open door here to stream their cash toward this path. In spite of the fact that Western nations have an edge in the oil investigation innovation, yet joint endeavors and speculation with Western nations can be gone into to partake in the advantages and utilization of these assets for the advancement of the general population of the locale. Subsequently, quick creating Gawadar Port (which gives closest port to these nations) can be used. The need is to arrange all endeavors in such manner.

- The development of gas line from Turkmenistan to Pakistan through Afghanistan is in limbo in light of the insecurity in Afghanistan. This gas line can likewise go facilitate India. This emphasizes the need of peace and strength in Afghanistan for better utilization of tremendous vitality stores of Central Asia, other than the advancement of Afghanistan itself.

- China's territory of Xinjiag has normal fringes with other nations, giving immense chances to China to broad exchange with these nations. Since 1967, there existed an exchange understanding amongst China and Pakistan, yet it finished in 2000. It went for empowering the general population of Xinjang and Pakistan's Northern Areas to address their

issues from territories over the outskirts without being subject to the far away monetary center points of their separate nations. The need is to restore this understanding as well as grow the region of its locale and incorporation of more exchange things in it. Different nations, as well, should move toward this path through either two-sided understandings or local courses of action.

- Afghanistan is in the state of chaos and devastation for the last 30 years. A measure of \$15 billion has been declared for its recreation and improvement. This procedure is moderate and also commanded by Western organizations. There is another option to advance territorial participation, for which China, Pakistan, and Iran should particularly approach to formulate a typical technique.
- The choices of universal money related foundations and World Trade Organization (WTO) must keep in see the premiums of the creating nations. Nations in the area ought to advance regular methodologies at these discussions to ensure their own particular advantages.
- Pakistan gives closest way to deal with Arabian Sea to the conditions of Central Asia, where Afghanistan is is profiting by Pakistani harbor. Pakistan, alongside Iran, gives approach to Central Asian nations for their reality exchange.

#### **India-Pakistan Relationship and Regional Stability:**

Pakistan and India have extensive degree to expand on the different certainty building measures that have been consulted in the previous decade and a half, particularly in the territories of exchange and financial participation. More noteworthy financial engagement can possibly produce reliance that could help advance the standardization of relations. Be that as it may, policymakers in the two nations confront natural snags to a typical relationship, cross outskirt psychological warfare starting from Pakistan, contrasts over Kashmir, and settled in residential resistance to expanding engagement on the two sides of the fringe. The failure of policymakers to isolate advance in one field from contrasts in different regions has rendered it hard to grow and support collaboration. All the more promptly, Pakistan relations with India are additionally confounded by the turbulent provincial dynamic fixated on Afghanistan. The drawdown of remote troops after finished 10 years in length worldwide nearness in Afghanistan and the difficulties of delivering inside strength there will make the development of a common vision for local collaboration tricky.

#### **Arrangement Implications:**

Following are the strategy suggestions for restricting clash amongst India and Pakistan an extending the extension for participation:

- India and Pakistan needs to discover approaches to support their continued exchange.
- Trade and business relations, where brisk advances are conceivable, ought to be detached from contrasts in different fields.
- An early rebuilding of the truce assertion along the Line of Control and the global fringe in Kashmir will help capture the further crumbling of the security condition and make the space for advance somewhere else.
- India should make one-sided strides, wherever conceivable, to enhance relations. It has taken such activities previously, for instance, in giving most-favored-country status to Pakistan in 1996.
- India and Pakistan should start a discourse on the fate of Afghanistan.

#### **Pakistan, China Relations and Implications for Regional Stability:**

The connection amongst China and Pakistan has developed to incorporate the whole array of key components, and however depicted as commonly helpful. It is a relationship that is a long way from being one between approaches. Pakistan is a resource for China's geopolitical and financial goals. Pakistan's proceeded with utilization of Islamist aggressors to seek after outside approach objectives will later on conflict with China's developing worries about Muslim Uighur separatists, yet in the meantime creating instability in Afghanistan pushes China to utilize Pakistan's impact with the Taliban to ensure its interests in Afghanistan. Pakistan, thusly, depends on China to help its financial and framework improvement. China's readiness to extend Pakistan's atomic and rocket abilities, in spite of rising Islamist radicalization, is laden with hazard.

The developing radicalization of Pakistani society and the military is of genuine concern. As the Islamist fundamentalist and fanatic components ascend to senior positions in the Pakistan Army, they will procure control over the nation's vital atomic resources. The global group must analyze alternatives to maintain a strategic distance from such a circumstance.

- China and Pakistan developing as the accepted prevailing powers in Afghanistan would make flimsiness. China's enthusiasm for containing Islamism would be constrained to killing Uighur components.

#### **Additional Recommendations:**

- Security issues: One speaker proposed the arrangement of an exceptional "Mechanical Security Force", as this was not actually the employment of the armed force, paramilitary strengths or the police, every one of whom have their separate obligations. There ought to thusly be a committed "Modern Security Force", drawn from the pool have exceptionally prepared, as of late resigned officers from the Pakistan

armed force, the vast majority of whom look for reemployment regardless. Using officially prepared HR from the nation to secure Chinese undertakings and staff might be a compelling answer for the issue, especially for Gwadar and the Pakistan-China monetary passageway.

- Another proposal was that the Chinese, who are hoping to move some of their transitional enterprises, should move them to Pakistan with buyback game plans. In that way exchange relations between the two nations can be enhanced as Pakistan's fares will increment. The structure for this is now set up as a Free Trade Agreement.
- Another hindrance to Pakistan-China relations is the broad bureaucratic formality. There could rather be an arrangement of a 'one window operation' regardless of whether it is by means of the Planning Commission or whether a 'China Task Force'; generally, the result is an absence of coordination, expanded obstacles and deferrals.
- If Pakistan acts as per Article 38 of the Constitution and deliberately creates its approaches in accordance with the standards attracted out Articles 29 to 39 which obviously manage social equity at that point individuals to individuals contact between the two nations will increment essentially.

**References:**

- Abid, M., & Ashfaq, A. (2015), "CPEC: Challenges and Opportunities for Pakistan. Journal of Pakistan Vision" Vol 16, No. 2, pp. 142-169
- Haq & Farooq, (2016), "Impact of CPEC on Social Welfare in Pakistan: A District Level Analysis", Pakistan Society of Development Economists 32nd Annual General Meeting and Conference
- Mubeen Adnan University of the Punjab, Lahore, Pakistan and Bushra Fatima University of the Punjab, Lahore, Pakistan. China-Pakistan Economic Corridor: A Road to Development and its Challenges South Asian Studies A Research Journal of South Asian Studies Vol. 31, No. 2, July – December 2016, pp.609 – 624.
- Shang Quanyu, "China-India-Pakistan in the New Global Context", World Focus, Vol.26, No.1, 2005, p.13.
- Urvashi Aneja Research Officer, IPCS, Pakistan-China Relations Recent Developments. , IPCS Special Report (26 June 2006,P.6,7).
- Wolf, Siegfried, China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, Civil-Military Relations and Democracy in Pakistan (September 13, 2016). SADF Working Paper Series, South Asia Democratic Forum (SADF), WP, No. 2, Brussels, Belgium. ISSN 2506-8199. Available at SSRN: <https://ssrn.com/abstract=2838520>